| Semester 1-6 th Grade | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 1: American History Concept 1: Research Skills for History | PO 1. Construct charts, graphs, and narratives using historical data. | Textbook Pages Supplementary |
| | PO 2. Interpret historical data displayed in graphs, tables, and charts. | Resources |
| | PO 3. Construct timelines of the historical era being studied (e.g., presidents/world leaders, key events, people.) | |
| | PO 4. Formulate questions that can be answered by historical study and research. | |
| | PO 5. Describe the difference between primary and secondary sources. | |
| | PO 6. Determine the credibility and bias of primary and secondary sources. | |
| | PO 7. Analyze cause and effect relationships between and among individuals and/or historical events. | |

July 2008 Page 1 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| PO 8. Describe how archaeological research adds to our understanding of the past. | |
|--|--|
| | |

July 2008 Page 2 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

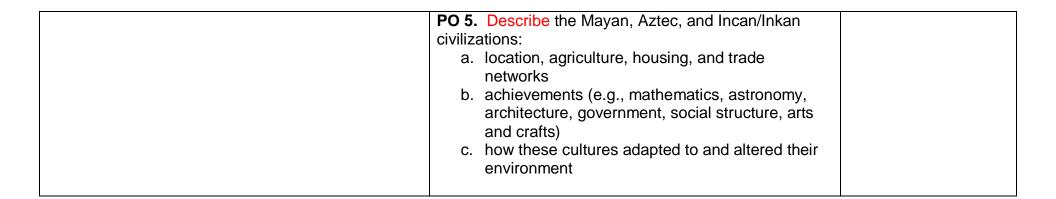
e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 1-6 th Grade | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 1: American History | PO 1. Describe the characteristics of hunting and | Textbook Pages |
| Concept 2: Early Civilizations | gathering societies in the Americas. | |
| | | Supplementary |
| | PO 2. Describe factors (i.e., farming methods, | Resources |
| | domestication of animals) that led to the development | |
| | of cultures and civilizations from hunting and gathering | |
| | societies. | |
| | | |
| | PO 3. Describe the cultures of the Mogollon, Ancestral | |
| | Puebloans (Anasazi), and Hohokam: | |
| | a. location, agriculture, housing, arts, and trade | |
| | networks | |
| | b. how these cultures adapted to and altered their environment | |
| | environment | |
| | PO 4. Describe the Adena, Hopewell, and | _ |
| | Mississippian mound-building cultures: | |
| | a. location, agriculture, housing, arts, and trade | |
| | networks | |
| | b. how these cultures adapted to and altered their | |
| | environment | |
| | | |

July 2008 Page 3 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation



July 2008 Page 4 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for that is) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples will be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 1-6 th Grade | | |
|--|--|----------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 2: World History Concept 1: Research Skills for History | PO 1 . Construct charts, graphs, and narratives using historical data. | Textbook Pages |
| | | Supplementary |
| | PO 2. Interpret historical data displayed in graphs, tables, and charts. | Resources |
| | PO 3. Construct timelines of the historical era being studied (e.g., presidents/world leaders, key events, people.) | |
| | PO 4. Formulate questions that can be answered by historical study and research. | |
| | PO 5. Describe the difference between primary and secondary sources. | |
| | PO 6. Determine the credibility and bias of primary and secondary sources. | |

July 2008 Page 5 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| PO 7. Analyze cause and effect relationships between and among individuals and/or historical events | |
|---|--|
| PO 8. Describe how archaeological research adds to our understanding of the past. | |

July 2008 Page 6 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 1 and Semester 2-6 th Grade | | |
|--|---|------------------------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 2: World History Concept 2: Early Civilizations | PO 1. Describe the lifestyles of humans in the Paleolithic and Neolithic Ages. | Textbook Pages Supplementary |
| | PO 2. Determine how the following factors influenced groups of people to develop into civilizations in Egypt, India, Mesopotamia, and China: a. farming methods b. domestication of animals c. division of labor d. geographic factors Connect with: Strand 4 Concepts 2, 4, 6 Strand 5 Concept 1 | Resources |

July 2008 Page 7 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

PO 3. Describe the importance of the following river valleys in the development of ancient civilizations:

- a. Tigris and Euphrates—Mesopotamia
- b. Nile Egypt
- c. Huang He China
- d. Indus India

Connect with:

Strand 4 Concept 1, 2, 4, 5

PO 4. Compare the forms of government of the following ancient civilizations:

- a. Mesopotamia laws of Hammurabi
- b. Egypt theocracy
- c. China dynasty

Connect with:

Strand 3 Concept 3, 5

Chandler Unified School District –May not be copied without permission

July 2008 Page 8 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for that is) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples will be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

PO 5. Describe the religious traditions that helped shaped the culture of the following ancient civilizations:

- a. Sumeria, India (i.e., polytheism)
- b. Egypt (i.e., belief in an afterlife)
- c. China (i.e., ancestor worship)
- d. Middle East (i.e., monotheism)

PO 6. Analyze the impact of cultural and scientific contributions of ancient civilizations on later civilizations:

- a. Mesopotamia (i.e., laws of Hammurabi)
- b. Egypt (i.e., mummification, hieroglyphs, papyrus)
- c. China (i.e., silk, gun powder/fireworks, compass)
- d. Central and South America (i.e., astronomy, agriculture)

Connect with: Strand 5 Concept 2

Chandler Unified School District –May not be copied without permission

July 2008 Page 9 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for that is) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples will be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

- **PO 7.** Describe the development of the following types of government and citizenship in ancient Greece and Rome:
 - a. democracy
 - b. republics/empires

Connect with: Strand 3 Concept 5

PO 8. Describe scientific and cultural advancements in ancient civilizations (e.g., networks of roads, aqueducts, art and architecture, literature and theatre, mathematics, philosophy) in ancient civilizations:

Connect with: Strand 4 Concepts 2, 4, 5 Strand 5 Concept 2

Chandler Unified School District –May not be copied without permission

July 2008 Page 10 of 35

- i.e. (abbreviation for that is) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples will be used in a testing situation
- e.g. (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

PO 9. Identify the roles and contributions of individuals in the following ancient civilizations:

- a. Greece and Greek empires (i.e., Socrates, Plato, Aristotle, Sophocles, Euripides, Pericles, Homer, Alexander the Great)
- b. Rome (i.e., Julius Caesar, Augustus)
- c. China (i.e., Qin Shi Huan Di, Confucius)
- d. Egypt (i.e., Hatshepsut, Ramses, Cleopatra)

Connect with:

Strand 3 Concept 5

PO 10. Describe the transition from the Roman Empire to the Byzantine Empire:

- a. "decline and fall" of the Roman Empire
- b. Empire split in eastern and western regions
- c. capital moved to Byzantium/Constantinople
- d. Germanic invasions

Connect with:

Strand 4 Concept 2

Chandler Unified School District –May not be copied without permission

July 2008 Page 11 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for that is) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples will be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 1-6 th Grade | | |
|------------------------------------|--|----------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 3: Civics/Government | PO 1. Describe the impact of the Laws of Hammurabi | Textbook Pages |
| Concept 3: Functions of Government | on the lives of ancient people and how it relates to the | |
| | current laws. | Supplementary |
| | | Resources |
| | Connect with: | |
| | Strand 2 Concept 2 | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | PO 2. Describe the impact of the Greek democracy on | |
| | ancient Greeks and how it relates to current forms of | |
| | government. | |
| | | |
| | Connect with: | |
| | Strand 2 Concept 2 | |
| | | |
| | PO 3. Describe the impact of the Roman Republic on | |
| | ancient Romans and how it relates to current forms of | |
| | government. | |
| | | |
| | Connect with: | |
| | Strand 2 Concept 2 | |
| | | |

July 2008 Page 12 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
|--|---|----------------|
| Strand 3: Civics/Government | PO 1. Describe the structure of the following | Textbook Pages |
| Concept 5: Government Systems of the World | governments: | |
| | a. theocracy | Supplementary |
| | b. dictatorship | Resources |
| | c. republic | |
| | d. monarchy | |
| | e. democracy | |
| | f. anarchy | |
| | Connect with: | |
| | Strand 2 Concept 2, 4, 5 | |

July 2008 Page 13 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 1-6 th Grade | | |
|---|---|------------------------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 4: Geography Concept 1: The World in Spatial Terms | PO 1. Construct maps, charts, and graphs to display geographic information. | Textbook Pages Supplementary |
| | PO 2. Identify purposes of, and differences among, maps, globes, aerial photographs, charts, and satellite images. | Resources |
| | PO 3. Interpret maps, charts, and geographic databases using geographic information. | |
| | PO 4. Locate physical and human features in the United States and in regions of the world on a map (e.g., continents, significant waterways, mountain ranges, cities, countries). | |
| | Connect with: Strand 2 Concept 2 | |
| | PO 5. Interpret thematic maps, graphs, charts, and databases depicting various aspects of world regions. (Apply to regions studied). | |

July 2008 Page 14 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 1-6 th Grade | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources | |
| Strand 4: Geography Concept 2: Places and Regions | Po 1. Identify regions studied in Strand 2 using a variety of criteria, (e.g., climate, landforms, culture, vegetation). Connect with: Strand 2 Concept 2 Po 2. Describe the factors that cause regions and places to change. Connect with: Strand 2 Concept 2 Po 3. Describe the interactions of people in different places and regions. Connect with: Strand 2 Concept 3, 4, 5 | Resources Textbook Pages Supplementary Resources | |

July 2008 Page 15 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

PO 4. Explain why places and regions serve as cultural symbols such as Jerusalem being a sacred place for Jews, Christians, and Muslims.

Connect with:
Strand 2 Concept 2

PO 5. Describe the physical and human characteristics of places and regions of a Middle Eastern country studied.

Connect with:
Strand 2 Concept 2

Chandler Unified School District –May not be copied without permission

July 2008 Page 16 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for that is) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples will be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 1-6 th Grade | | |
|---|--|----------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 4: Geography | PO 1 . Identify the physical processes that influence the | Textbook Pages |
| Concept 3: Physical Systems | formation and location of resources such as oil, coal, | |
| | diamonds, and copper. | Supplementary |
| (Science Strands are summarized below as they | | Resources |
| apply to Social Studies content in Grades K-8. | Connect with: | |
| These concepts are reinforced in Social Studies | Science Strand 3 Concept 1 | |
| classes, but assessed through Science.) | Evaluate the effects of, and describe how people plan | |
| | for and respond to natural disasters. | |
| | | |
| | Science Strand 4 Concept 3 | |
| | Describe how sunlight, water quality, climate, | |
| | population density and pollution affect quality of life. | |
| | | |
| | Science Strand 6 Concept 1 | |
| | Describe the composition of and interactions between | |
| | bodies of water and the atmosphere. | |
| | | |
| | Science Strand 6 Concept 2 | |
| | Explain the water cycle and factors that affect climate. | |
| | | |

July 2008 Page 17 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 1-6 th Grade | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------|--|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources | |
| Strand 4: Geography | PO 1. Interpret the demographic structure of places | Textbook Pages | |
| Concept 4: Human Systems | and regions using a population pyramid. | _ | |
| | | Supplementary | |
| | PO 2. Describe the environmental, economic, cultural, | Resources | |
| | and political effects of human migrations and cultural | | |
| | diffusion on places and regions. | | |
| | · | | |
| | PO 3. Analyze the causes and effects of settlement | | |
| | patterns. | | |
| | | | |
| | Connect with: | | |
| | Strand 1 Concept 2 | | |
| | Strand 2 Concept 2 | | |
| | | | |
| | PO 4. Identify how factors such as river/coastal | | |
| | civilizations and trade influenced the location, | | |
| | distribution, and interrelationships of economic activities | | |
| | over time and in different regions. | | |
| | 0 | | |
| | Connect with: | | |
| | Strand 2 Concepts 2, 3, 4 | | |
| | | | |

July 2008 Page 18 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| PO 5. Identify cultural norms that influence different social, political, and economic activities of men and women. | |
|--|--|
| Connect with: Strand 2 Concept 2 | |

July 2008 Page 19 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 1-6 th Grade | | |
|------------------------------------|---|----------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 4: Geography | PO 1. Describe ways that human dependence on | Textbook Pages |
| Concept 5: Environment and Society | natural resources influences economic development, | |
| | settlement, trade, and migration. | Supplementary |
| | | Resources |
| | PO 2. Describe the intended and unintended | |
| | consequences of human modification (e.g., irrigation, | |
| | aqueducts, canals) on the environment. | |
| | Commont with | |
| | Connect with: | |
| | Strand 2 Concept 2 | |
| | PO 3. Explain how changes in the natural environment | |
| | (e.g., flooding of the Nile) can increase or diminish its | |
| | capacity to support human activities. | |
| | Support numeri astivities. | |
| | Connect with: | |
| | Strand 2 Concept 2 | |
| | r | |

July 2008 Page 20 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| PO 4. Identify the way humans respond to/prepare for natural hazards (i.e., lightning, flash floods, dust storms, tornadoes, hurricanes, floods, earthquakes) in order to remain safe. | |
|--|--|
| | |

July 2008 Page 21 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 1-6 th Grade | | |
|--|---|----------------------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 4: Geography Concept 6: Geographic Applications | PO 1. Describe ways geographic features and conditions influenced settlement in various locations | Textbook Pages |
| | (e.g., near waterways, on high terrain, with adequate fresh water, on good land for farming, in temperate climates) throughout different periods of time, places, and regions.Connect with: Strand 2 Concept 2 | Supplementary Resources |
| | PO 2. Use geographic knowledge and skills (e.g., recognizing patterns, mapping, graphing) when discussing current events. | |

July 2008 Page 22 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 2-6 th Grade | | |
|---|--|----------------------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 1: American History Concept 10: Contemporary United States | PO 1 . Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., | Textbook Pages |
| | newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps). | Supplementary Resources |
| | PO 2 Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues studied at this grade level using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps). | |
| | PO 3 . Describe how key political, social, and economic events of the late 20 th century and early 21st century affected, and continue to affect, the United States. | |

July 2008 Page 23 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 2-6 th Grade | | |
|--|---|----------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 2: World History | PO 1. Describe aspects (e.g., geographic origins, | Textbook Pages |
| Concept 3: World in Transition | founders and their teachings, traditions, customs, | _ |
| | beliefs) of Hinduism, Buddhism, Judaism, Christianity, | Supplementary |
| (Note: The Middle Ages were introduced in Grade 4) | and Islam. | Resources |
| | Connect with: | |
| | Stand 4 Concept 2, 4 | |
| | PO 2. Describe the development of the Medieval kingdoms of Ghana, Mali, and Songhai: a. Islamic influences b. mining of gold and salt c. centers of commerce Connect with: Strand 5 Concept 1 | |

July 2008 Page 24 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

PO 3. Describe the culture and way of life of the Arab Empire:

- a. Islam (i.e., Mohammad, Mecca)
- b. extensive trade and banking network
- c. interest in science (i.e., medicine, astronomy)
- d. translation and preservation of Greek and Roman literature

Connect with: Stand 5 Concept 1

PO 4. Describe the Catholic church's role in the following activities during the Middle Ages:

- a. Crusades
- b. Inquisition
- c. education
- d. government
- e. spread of Christianity

PO 5. Describe the transition from feudalism to nationalism at the end of the Middle Ages.

Chandler Unified School District –May not be copied without permission

July 2008 Page 25 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for that is) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples will be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

PO 6. Describe the trade routes that established the exchange of goods (e.g., silk, salt, spices, gold) between eastern and western civilizations during the 15th and 16th centuries.

Connect with:
Strand 4 Concepts 2, 4
Strand 5 Concept 1

PO 7. Describe how trade routes led to the exchange of ideas (e.g., religion, scientific advances, literature) between Europe, Asia, Africa and the Middle East during the 15th and 16th centuries.

Connect with:
Strand 3 Concept 1
Strand 3 Concept 4, 5
Strand 5 Concept 1

Chandler Unified School District –May not be copied without permission

July 2008 Page 26 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for that is) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples will be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 2-6 th Grade | | |
|--|---|----------------------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 2: World History Concept 4: Renaissance and Reformation | PO 1 . Describe how the Renaissance was a time of renewal and advancement in Europe: | Textbook Pages |
| | a. rebirth of Greek and Roman ideas b. new ideas and products as a result of trade c. the arts d. science Connect with: Strand 3 Concept 5 Strand 4 Concepts 2, 4, 5 Strand 5 Concept 1, 2 | Supplementary Resources |

July 2008 Page 27 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

PO 2. Describe the contributions or accomplishments of the following individuals during the Renaissance and Reformation:

a. Leonardo da Vinci
b. Michelangelo
c. Gutenberg
d. Martin Luther

Connect with:
Strand 3 Concept 1
Strand 4 Concept 4

Chandler Unified School District –May not be copied without permission

July 2008 Page 28 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for that is) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples will be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 2-6 th Grade | | |
|------------------------------------|--|----------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 2: World History | PO 1. Describe how new ways of thinking in Europe | Textbook Pages |
| Concept 5: Encounters and Exchange | during the Enlightenment fostered the following | _ |
| | changes in society: | Supplementary |
| | a. Scientific Revolution (i.e., Copernicus, Galileo, Newton) b. natural rights (i.e., life, liberty, property) c. governmental separation of powers vs. monarchy d. religious freedom e. Magna Carta Connect with: Strand 3 Concept 1, 4, 5 Science Strand 2 Concept 1 | Resources |

July 2008 Page 29 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 2-6 th Grade | | |
|---|---|----------------------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 2: World History Concept 9: Contemporary World | PO 1. Describe current events using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., | Textbook Pages |
| | newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps). | Supplementary Resources |
| | PO 2. Identify the connection between current and historical events and issues using information from class discussions and various resources (e.g., newspapers, magazines, television, Internet, books, maps). | |

July 2008 Page 30 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 2-6 th Grade | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 3: Civics/Government | PO 1. Discuss the important ideas of the | Textbook Pages |
| Concept 1: Foundations of Government | Enlightenment Period (e.g., Natural Rights, separation of powers, religious freedom) that fostered the creation of the United States government. | Supplementary Resources |
| | Connect with: Strand 2, Concept 4, 5 | |

July 2008 Page 31 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 2-6 th Grade | | | |
|--|---|----------------|--|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources | |
| Strand 3: Civics/Government | PO 1. Describe ways an individual can contribute to a | Textbook Pages | |
| Concept 4: Rights, Responsibilities, and Roles | school or community. | | |
| of Citizenship | | Supplementary | |
| | PO 2. Discuss the character traits (i.e., respect, responsibility, fairness, involvement) that are important to the preservation and improvement of constitutional democracy in the United States. Connect with: Strand 2 Concept 5 PO 3. Describe the importance of citizens being actively involved in the democratic process (e.g., voting, student government, involvement in political decision making, analyzing issues, petitioning public officials). Connect with: Strand 2 Concept 5 | Resources | |

July 2008 Page 32 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Semester 2-6 th Grade | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|----------------|
| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
| Strand 5: Economics | PO 1. Identify how limited resources and unlimited | Textbook Pages |
| Concept 1: Foundations of Economics | human wants cause people to choose some things and | |
| | give up others. | Supplementary |
| | | Resources |
| | PO 2. Determine how scarcity, opportunity costs, and | |
| | trade-offs influence decision-making. | |
| | | |
| | PO 3 . Explain why specialization improves standards | |
| | of living. | |
| | 0 | |
| | Connect with: | |
| | Strand 2 Concept 2 | |
| | DO 4. Compare how manay as appared to harter | |
| | PO 4 . Compare how money, as opposed to barter, facilitates trade. | |
| | raciiitates trade. | |
| | | |

July 2008 Page 33 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| PO 5. Explain how trade promoted economic growth throughout world regions. | |
|--|--|
| Connect with: Strand 2, Concepts 3, 4 | |

July 2008 Page 34 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation

| Concept | Performance Objectives | Resources |
|---|---|----------------|
| Strand 5: Economics Concept 5: Personal Finance | PO 1. Compare the cost and benefits of using credit. | Textbook Pages |
| • | | Supplementary |
| | PO 2. Explain how interest is the price paid to borrow money. | Resources |
| | PO 3. Describe the factors lenders consider before lending money. | |

July 2008 Page 35 of 35

i.e. - (abbreviation for *that is*) precedes a specific list of items in which all of the items should be used; i.e. examples *will* be used in a testing situation

e.g. - (abbreviation for *for example*) precedes a list of examples provided as options; other examples may be appropriate but not included; e.g. examples *may* be used in a testing situation